Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in $\tilde{\uparrow}$, unless otherwise stated)

1. Firm's information

AUTO COMPONENT is a partnership firm formed through partnership deed dated. 30th November, 2005,

Share of profit/loss of the partners of the firm is as under: -

Name of partners	F.Y. 2024-25
Uno Minda Limited	95.00%
APJ Investments Private Limited	4.50%
Mr. Puneet Kumar Jakhodia	0.50%

2. Basis of preparation

A. Statement of compliance

The Financial statements are prepared on historical cost convention, unless stated otherwise, on a going concern basis and, in accordance with normally accepted accounting principles.

Fair value concept has not been considered though all financials assets and liabilities (current and non-current) are expected to realize and payable at the value which are considered in the financials.

B. Use of estimates and judgments

In preparing these financial statements, the partners have made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

C. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the period presented in these financial statements.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the Partnership firm at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or an average rate if the average rate approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss,



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in \mathbb{Z} , unless otherwise stated)

D. Current versus non-current classification

The Partnership firm presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- (a) expected to be realised in, or is intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- (b) held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A Liability is current when:

- (a) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- (b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) The Partnership firm does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. The Partnership firm has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

E. Property, plant and equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalised borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and nonrefundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labor, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

ii. Transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment, measured as per the previous GAAP, and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of such property, plant and equipment.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

iii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Partnership firm.

iv. Depreciation

Depreciation is provided for the year on WDV method at the rates specified in Income Tax Act, 1961.

F. Impairment

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Partnership firm's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

G. Non-current assets or disposal group held for sale

Non-current assets, or disposal groups comprising assets and liabilities are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use.

Such assets, or disposal groups, are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any resultant loss on a disposal group is allocated first to goodwill, and then to remaining assets and liabilities on pro rata basis, except that no loss is allocated to inventories, financial assets, deferred tax assets, and employee benefit assets, which continue to be measured in accordance with the Partnership firm's other accounting policies. Losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognized in profit or loss.

Once classified as held-for-sale, intangible assets, property and plant and equipment are no longer amortized or depreciated.

H. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

I. Leases

a) Operating leases

Payments made under operating leases are generally recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless such payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense over the term of the lease.

b) Finance leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are recognized as an asset and a liability at the lower of the fair value of the leased assets at the inception of the lease and the present value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in \mathbb{R} , unless otherwise stated)

allocated to periods during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

J. Inventories

Inventories which comprise raw materials, work-in-progress, finished goods, stock-in-trade, stores and spares, and loose tools are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

In determining the cost, first in first out method is used. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, fixed production overheads are allocated on the basis of normal capacity of production facilities.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The net realisable value of work-in-progress is determined with reference to the selling prices of related finished products. Raw materials and other supplies held for use in the production of finished products are not written down below cost except in cases where material prices have declined and it is estimated that the cost of the finished products will exceed their net realisable value.

The comparison of cost and net realisable value is made on an item-by-item basis.

Finished goods inventory is inclusive of excise duty.

Inventories in transit are valued at cost.

Appropriate adjustments are made to the carrying value of damaged, slow moving and obsolete inventories based on management's current best estimate.

K. Revenue recognition

- (i) Revenue from the sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts and volume rebates. The amount recognized as revenue is inclusive of excise duty and exclusive of sales tax, value added taxes (VAT), goods & service tax (GST). This inter alia involves discounting of the consideration due to the present value if payment extends beyond normal credit terms. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing effective control over, or managerial involvement with, the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
- ii) Claims lodged with insurance companies are accounted for on an accrual basis, to the extent these are measurable and the ultimate collection is reasonably certain.
- (iii)Export entitlement under Duty Entitlement Pass Book Scheme ('DEPB') is recognized on accrual basis and when the right to entitlement has been established.
- (iv) Share of profit from partnership firms is recognized on accrual basis.

L. Government grants

Government grants are recognized where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all the attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in \mathbb{Z} , unless otherwise stated)

When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognized as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

When the Partnership firm receives grants of non-monetary assets, the assets and the grant are recorded at fair value amounts and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life in a pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset. When loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions, with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favorable interest is regarded as government grant. The loan or assistance is initially recognized and measured at fair value and the government grant is measured as the difference between the initial carrying value of the loan and the proceeds received. The loan is subsequently measured as per the accounting policy applicable to financial liabilities.

M. Provisions (other than employee benefits)

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Partnership firm has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost. Expected future operating losses are not provided for...

(i) Warranties

Warranty costs are estimated on the basis of a technical evaluation and past experience. Provision is made for estimated liability in respect of warranty costs in the year of sale of goods and is included in the statement of profit and loss. The estimates used for accounting for warranty costs are reviewed periodically and revisions are made, as and when required.

(ii) Contingencies

Provision in respect of loss contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. are recognized when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be estimated reliably.

N. Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid e.g., under short-term cash bonus, if the Partnership firm has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

(ii) Other long term employee benefits

Compensated absences

The employees can carry-forward a portion of the unutilised accrued compensated absences and utilise it in future service periods or receive cash compensation on termination of employment. Since the compensated absences do not fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service and are also not expected to be utilized wholly within twelve months after the end of such period, the benefit to such extent is classified as a long-term employee benefit. The Partnership firm records an obligation for such compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increase this entitlement. The obligation is measured on the basis of independent actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are expensed at the earlier of when the partnership firm can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Partnership firm recognises costs for a restructuring. If benefits are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date, then they are discounted.

O. Income taxes

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income..

(i) Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts, and it is intended to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

P. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet firm cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Partnership firm's cash management.

For AJH & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 005302N

Ajay Jain

Partner ED ACCO

Membership No. 084096

Alok Sharma

Partner on behalf of

Uno Minda Limited

Puneet Kumar Jakhodia

Partner

Place: Delhi

Date: 23-04-2025

UDIN: 25084096BMJBSH3359

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025

(All amounts in Indian ₹, unless otherwise stated)

(All amounts in Indian 7, unless otherwise stated)	T	As at	As at
	Note	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
A COPIEC	HUIE	51 Waren 2025	31 March 2024
ASSETS			
1 Non-current assets			
a) Property, plant and equipment	3A	5,23,27,998	4,83,08,960
b) Other intangible assets	3B	8,232	13,720
c) Capital work in progress	3C	* C	21,700
d) Financial assets			
Other non current financial assets	4	26,29,851	23,11,323
Total non-current assets		5,49,66,081	5,06,55,703
2 Current assets			
a) Inventories	5	2,14,13,548	2,34,26,825
b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	6	9,90,44,852	9,94,49,158
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	7	24,38,975	19,72,390
c) Other current assets	8	31,42,487	26,66,454
Total current assets		12,60,39,862	12,75,14,827
Total assets		18,10,05,943	17,81,70,530
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Partners capital	9	5,09,38,631	4,63,96,147
Total equity		5,09,38,631	4,63,96,147
Liabilities			
1 Non-current liabilities			
a) Long-term provisions	10	1,98,32,351	1,87,60,820
Total non-current liabilities		1,98,32,351	1,87,60,820
2 Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	11	9,59,87,315	9,80,47,651
b) Other current liabilities	12	92,16,197	1,06,68,301
c) Short-term provisions	13	33,54,175	22,37,920
d) Current tax liabilities (net)	14	16,77,274	20,59,691
Total current liabilities		11,02,34,961	11,30,13,563
Total equity and liabilities		18,10,05,943	17,81,70,530

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements In terms of our report attached

For AJH & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 005302N

Ajay Jain

Partner

Membership No. 084096

Place : Delhi Date : 23-04-2025

UDIN: 25084096BMJBSH3359

1 - 2

Alok Sharma

Partner on behalf of Uno Minda Limited

Puncet Kumar Jakhodia

Partner

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(All amounts in Indian ₹, unless otherwise stated)

(All amounts in Indian 4, unless otherwise stated)		Year ended	Year ended
	Note	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
TOTAL INCOME			
I) Revenue from operations	15	1,18,05,87,537	1,02,40,19,957
II) Other income	16	3,06,742	14,06,783
III) Total income		1,18,08,94,279	1,02,54,26,740
IV) EXPENSES			
Cost of materials consumed	17	79,83,48,591	69,87,70,347
Changes in inventory of finished goods and work-in-progress	18	12,13,042	(13,98,396)
Employee benefit expenses	19	10,97,00,185	9,81,02,993
Finance costs	20	1,69,363	1,51,061
Depreciation and amortization	21	82,66,858	87,13,034
Other expenses	22	7,50,60,987	6,05,04,930
Total expenses (IV)		99,27,59,026	86,48,43,969
Profit for the year before tax		18,81,35,253	16,05,82,771
Income tax expense		,41	
Current tax		6,66,00,000	5,68,16,000
Short/(Excess) Provision for Income Tax		(48,048)	(1,071)
Total Income tax expense		6,65,51,952	5,68,14,929
Profit for the year after tax		12,15,83,301	10,37,67,842
Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset)			<u>.</u>
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		191	-
Other comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year, net of income tax		1,59,183	(13,92,959)
Total Other comprehensive income		1,59,183	(13,92,959)
Total comprehensive income for the year		12,17,42,484	10,23,74,883

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements In terms of our report attached

For AJH & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 005302N

Partner
Membership No. 084096

Place: Delhi Date: 23-04-2025

UDIN: 25084096BMJBSH3359

1-2

Alok Sharma

Partner on behalf of Uno Minda Limited

Puneet Kumar Jakhodia Partner

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Cash flows from operating activities :	31 Watch 2023	31 March 2021
Profit before tax	18,81,35,253	16,05,82,771
Adjustments for :	10,01,00,200	10,00,02,711
Depreciation and amortisation	82,66,858	87,13,034
Finance Costs	1,69,363	1,51,061
Interest income	(1,58,579)	(1,40,207)
interest income	82,77,642	87,23,888
Operating profit before working conital shapes	19,64,12,895	16,93,06,659
Operating profit before working capital changes	19,04,12,893	10,93,00,039
Adjustments for working capital changes:	(3,18,528)	(1,01,186)
(Increase)/decrease in other non current financial assets	20,13,277	(5,85,357)
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	4,04,306	24,41,153
(Increase)/ decrease in trade and other receivables	(4,76,033)	(2,32,303)
(Increase)/ decrease in other assets		(1,07,23,917)
Increase in trade payables	(20,60,336)	(9,57,549)
Increase/(decrease) in short-term provisions	11,16,255	, , , ,
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(14,52,104)	14,51,117
Increase in long-term provisions	12,30,714	18,29,272 (68,78,770)
	4,57,551	
Cash generated from operations	19,68,70,446	16,24,27,889
Income tax paid	(6,69,34,369)	(5,73,01,620)
Net Cash flows from operating activities (A)	12,99,36,077	10,51,26,269
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant & equipment	(1,27,11,242)	(76,10,702)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	4,52,534	9,25,963
Finance cost	(1,69,363)	(1,51,061)
Interest received	1,58,579	1,40,207
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(1,22,69,492)	(66,95,593)
The case assa in investing activities (b)	(1,22,03,132)	(00,75,575)
Cash flows from financing activities		(0.04.46.050)
Partners - Additions / (withdrawal)	(11,72,00,000)	(9,84,46,259)
	(11 57 00 000)	(0.04.46.050)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(11,72,00,000)	(9,84,46,259)
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(A+B+C)	4,66,585	(15,583)
Cash and Bank equivalents as at opening	19,72,390	19,87,973
Cash and cash equivalents as at closing	24,38,975	19,72,390
Cash and cash equivalents as at closing	24,36,975	19,72,390
Cash equivalents as at Closing	32 102	55 405
Balances with banks:	32,102	55,405
- on current accounts	24.06.072	19,16,985
- on current accounts	24,06,873	19,10,983
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the Year	24,38,975	19,72,390
	21,00,710	17,12,570

For AJH & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Pirm Registration No: 005302N

Ajax JahuRUGE Partner

Membership No. 081096 Place : Delhi

Date: 23-04-2025 UDIN: 25084096BMJBSH3359 Alok Sharma

Partner on behalf of Uno Minda Limited Puneet Kumar Jakhodia Partner





Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts in Indian ₹, unless otherwise stated)

Note No. 3

Property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress

A. Tangible Assets

	Land- Lease hold	Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Computers	Total (A)
Cost or deemed cost (gross carrying amount)								
Balance at 1 April 2023	57,16,647	3,55,97,552	14,14,26,906	10,93,657	18,83,644	20.06,352	27.56.852	19.04.81.610
Additions Daductions/ Adjustments		,	99,48,534	(1)	15	3,26,550	1,49,380	1,04,24,464
Deductions/ Adjustments Balance at 31 March 2024	57 16 647	3 55 07 552	9.23,614	10 03 657	10 02 644	2,349	1 00 00	9,25,963
Balance at 1 April 2024		3.55.97.552	15.04.51.826	10,5,501	18 83 644	73 30 553	20.00.232	10 00 00 111
Additions			1,24,37,100	Colorina	10,000,01	1,53,882	1.41.960	1.27.32.942
Deductions/ Adjustments	•		4,33,000		ı		19,534	4.52,534
Balance at 31 March 2025	57,16,647	3,55,97,552	16,24,55,926	10,93,657	18,83,644	24,84,435	30,28,658	21,22,60,519
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses								
Balance at 1 April 2023	ľ	2,36,66,706	11,37,74,219	6,49,135	12,22,479	13,27,974	23,26,751	14,29,67,264
Depreciation for the year Disposals	1/c ***	11,93,085	70,27,247	44,452	99,175	1,25,896	2,14,032	87,03,887
Balance at 31 March 2024	- /AE	2.48.59,791	12.08.01.466	6,93,587	13.21.654	14.53.870	25.40.783	15.16.71.151
Balance at 1 April 2024	1	2,48,59,791	12,08,01,466	6,93,587	13,21,654	14,53,870	25,40,783	15.16.71,151
Depreciation for the year		10,73,776	67,25,573	40,007	84,299	1,54,585	1,83,130	82,61,370
Disposals	•	Š			ē€	1.0	1	1
Balance at 31 March 2025	1	2,59,33,567	12,75,27,039	7,33,594	14,05,953	16.08.455	27.23.913	15.99.32.521
Carrying amounts (net)								
As at 31 March 2024	57,16,647	1,07,37,761	2,96,50,360	4,00,070	5,61.990	8.76.683	3.65.449	4.83.08.960
As at 31 March 2025	57,16,647	96,63,985	3,49,28,887	3,60,063	4.77.691	8.75.980	3.04.745	5.23.27.998



Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts in Indian ₹ , unless otherwise stated)

Note No. 3 B. Intangible assets

	Computer	Total
	Software	
Cost or deemed cost at 1 April 2022		3
Balance at 1 April 2023	10,58,006	10,58,006
Additions	#.	
Balance at 31 March 2024	10,58,006	10,58,006
Balance at 1 April 2024	10,58,006	10,58,006
Additions	_	
Balance at 31 March 2025	10,58,006	10,58,006
Accumulated amortization	-	
Balance at 1 April 2023	10,35,139	10,35,139
Amortisation for the year	9,147	9,147
Balance at 31 March 2024	10,44,286	10,44,286
Balance at 1 April 2024	10,44,286	10,44,286
Amortisation for the year	5,488	5,488
Balance at 31 March 2025	10,49,774	10,49,774
Carrying amount (net)		
As at 31 March 2024	13,720	13,720
As at 31 March 2025	8,232	8,232

Note No. 3 C. Capital work in progress

	Office	Total
	Equipment	
Balance at 1 April 2023	28,35,462	28,35,462
Additions	21,700	21,700
Transfer	28,35,462	28,35,462
Balance at 31 March 2024	21,700	21,700
Balance at 1 April 2024	21,700	21,700
Additions		₩.
Transfer	21,700	21,700
Balance at 31 March 2025	-	#:



Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts in Indian ₹, unless otherwise stated)

	As at	As a
Notes No. 4	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Other Non-current financial assets		
Other Non-current tinancial assets		
Security deposits	26,29,851	23,11,323
	26,29,851	23,11,323
	As at	As a
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 5 Inventories (Valued and certified by the partners) (At lower of cost and net realisable value, unless otherwise stated)		
Raw materials	1,59,60,646	1,62,52,917
Finished goods *	1,92,998	18,49,119
Work-in-progress	40,02,193	35,59,114
Stores & spares	12,57,711	9,12,691
Goods in transit	(a)	8,52,984
	2,14,13,548	2,34,26,825
Finished goods (Includes in transit 9,84,785 in FY 2023-24)		
	As at	As a
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 6 Trade receivables		
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Less than 6 months	9,90,44,852	9,94,49,158
More than 6 months		=
	9,90,44,852	9,94,49,158



Trade receivables Ageing Schedule

l C	outstanding for follo	owing periods from	n due date	of payment 3	31-03-2025		
Particulars	not due	Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	9,90,44,852	-	-	+		-	9,90,44,852
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	•	1	+		-	
Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	-		s -	-			•
Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	25		5 -	-		-	
Disputed Trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	2.0	25		-		-	
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	15			9			
Total	9,90,44,852	-	5.4	-		-	9,90,44,852

similar information shall be given where no due date of payment is specified, in that case disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction. Unbilled dues shall be disclosed separately.

As at 31 March 2024

	Outstanding for foll	owing periods fror	n due date	of payment	31-03-2024		
Particulars	not due	Less than 6 Months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	9,94,49,158	3	-	-		-	9,94,49,158
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	=======================================	9	>=				
Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	37	5	3	_	5.4		: =
Disputed Trade receivables - considered good		15	1.5		13	-	
Disputed Trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	3.	15 14 21		-			
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	72	2	32	-	12		
Total	9,94,49,158	-	-	- 2	- :-		9,94,49,158



	As a	t As ar
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 7		
Cash and cash equivalents		
- Balances with banks		
On current accounts - Axis Bank	10,00,000	19,16,985
- ICICI Bank	14,06,873	=
	24,06,873	19,16,985
- Cash on hand (including imprest)	32,102	55,405
	24,38,975	19,72,390
	As a	t As a
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 8 Other current assets		
Prepaid Expenses	19,98,895	13,29,753
Advance to employee	4,23,100	3,78,400
Security Deposit With Shiping Line	40,000	257
Accured Income	-	2,50,000
Sliver coin *	49,017	44,277
GST Recoverable	6,31,475	6,63,767
	31,42,487	26,66,454
Nos. of Sliver coin	101	97



Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts in Indian ₹, unless otherwise stated)

		As at	·	As a
		31 March 2025		31 March 2024
Notes No. 9	:: <u>-</u>		-	
Partners Capital Account				
Uno Minda Limited				
Opening Balance	4,40,76,340		4,03,44,147	
Profit during the period/year	11,56,55,360		9,72,56,139	
Drawings	(11,13,40,000)	4,83,91,700	(9,35,23,946)	4,40,76,340
APJ Investments Private Limited				
Opening Balance	20,87,826		19,11,038	
Profit during the period/year	54,78,412		46,06,870	
Drawings	(52,74,000)	22,92,238	(44,30,082)	20,87,826
Sh. Puneet Kumar Jakhodia				
Opening Balance	2,31,981		2,12,338	
Profit during the period/year	6,08,712		5,11,874	
Drawings	(5,86,000)	2,54,693	(4,92,231)	2,31,981
	=	5,09,38,631	-	4,63,96,147
	,=	As at		Asa
		31 March 2025		31 March 202
Notes No. 10	=		-	
Long-term provisions				
Provision for employee benefits				
Gratuity		1,59,73,436		1,54,97,689
Compensated absences		38,58,915		32,63,131
	=	1,98,32,351	:= :=	1,87,60,820
		As at		As a
		31 March 2025		31 March 2024
Notes No. 11 Trade payables	_		-	
Less than one year		9,59,87,315		9,80,47,651
More than one year		÷		₹
	=	9,59,87,315	-	9,80,47,651
	=		S=	



Trade payables Ageing Schedule

As at 31 March 2025

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	7,42,02,640	1/2	-	-	7,42,02,640
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	2,17,84,675	2.5	-	*	2,17,84,675
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	52	-	-	
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		2.4	-	~	
Total	9,59,87,315		-	= [9,59,87,315

where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction. Unbilled dues shall be disclosed separately;

As at 31 March 2024

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	7,42,65,050	2		-	7,42,65,050
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	2,37,82,601	9	=	-	2,37,82,601
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		<u> </u>	-		15
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		9	69	-	5.2
Total	9,80,47,651		- 4		9,80,47,651



	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 12		
Other current liabilities		
Payable to employees	21,40,380	28,29,968
Payable to others	7,92,758	13,19,191
Statutory dues	62,83,059	65,19,142
	92,16,197	1,06,68,301
	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 13		
Short-term provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	27,85,063	18,07,993
Compensated absences	5,69,112	4,29,927
	33,54,175	22,37,920
	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 14	or march 2020	OT March 2021
Current tax liabilities (net)		
Provision for Income Tax (net of advance income tax)	16,77,274	20,59,691
	16,77,274	20,59,691



Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts in Indian ₹, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 202
Notes No. 15		
Revenue from operations		
Sale of products		
Finished goods	1,16,77,27,015	1,01,22,20,815
Scrap Sales	49,06,040	47,15,932
Sale of services	79,54,482	70,83,210
	1,18,05,87,537	1,02,40,19,957
Notes:		
(i) Timing of revenue recognition		
Goods transferred at a point in time	1,16,77,27,015	1,01,22,20,81
Services transferred over the time	79,54,482	70,83,210
Total revenue from contract with customers	1,17,56,81,497	1,01,93,04,02
Add: Other operating revenues	49,06,040	47,15,932
Total revenue from operations	1,18,05,87,537	1,02,40,19,95
(ii) Revenue by location of customers		
Within India	1,17,38,04,329	1,02,01,26,60
Outside India	67,83,208	38,93,352
	1,18,05,87,537	1,02,40,19,95
(iii) Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the state	ement of profit and loss with the contra	icted price
Revenue as per contracted price	1,16,77,27,015	1,01,22,20,815
Cash/sales discount		
Other sales incentive schemes	2	
Revenue from contract with		
customers	1,16,77,27,015	1,01,22,20,81
Add: Other operating revenues	1,28,60,522	1,17,99,142
Total revenue from operations	1,18,05,87,537	1,02,40,19,95
(iv) Unsatisfied performance obligations:		
Information about the group's performance obligations are summ	narised below:	

Sale of products: Performance obligation in respect of sale of goods is satisfied when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods and payment is generally due as per the terms of contract with customers.

Sales of services: The performance obligation in respect of maintenance services is satisfied over a period of time and acceptance of the customer. In respect of these services, payment is generally due upon completion of service based on time elapsed and acceptance of the customer.

The transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligation (unsatisfied performance obligation) pertaining to sales of services as at March 31, 2025 and expected time to recognise the same as revenue is as follows:

1,18,05,87,537	1,02,40,19,957
	. ,
1,18,05,87,537	1,02,40,19,957
Year ended	Year ended
31 March 2025	31 March 2024
1,58,579	1,40,207
1,14,187	66,576
16,027	-
17,949	=
+	12,00,000
3,06,742	14,06,783
	1,18,05,87,537 Year ended 31 March 2025 1,58,579 1,14,187 16,027 17,949



	W 1.1	Year ended
	Year ended	
Notes No. 17	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Cost of materials consumed		
Cost of materials consumed		
Raw materials (including purchased components and packing		
material consumed)		
Opening inventories	1,62,52,917	1,60,39,981
Purchases	79,80,56,320	69,89,83,283
Closing inventories	(1,59,60,646)	(1,62,52,917
	79,83,48,591	69,87,70,347
	. , . , . , . , . , . , . , . , . , . ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 18		
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in		
progress and stock in trade		
Inventories at the end of the Year		
Work-in-progress	40,02,193	35,59,114
Finished goods	1,92,998	18,49,119
	41,95,191	54,08.233
Inventories at the beginning of the Year:		
Work-in-progress	35,59,114	22,32,089
Finished goods	18,49,119	17,77,748
	54,08,233	40,09,837
Net (increase) / decrease in stocks	12,13,042	(13,98,396)
	37 1 1	37 1.1
	Year ended	Year ended
Notes No. 19	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Employee benefits expense	1	
Employee benefits expense		
Salaries, wages and bonus	9,77,90,159	8,83,96,678
Leave Encashment	14,65,690	3,41,297
Gratuity	26,56,146	23,42,174
Contribution to provident and other funds	36,93,457	34,82,460
Contribution to Employees' State Insurance Scheme	5,25,083	4,93,586
Staff welfare expense	35,69,650	30,46,798
	10,97,00,185	9,81,02,993
	10,27,00,100	7,01,02,773



Notes No. 20 Finance costs Bank Charges Interest on: Income tax	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Finance costs Bank Charges Interest on: Income tax	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Finance costs Bank Charges Interest on: Income tax		
Bank Charges Interest on: Income tax		
Interest on : Income tax		
Interest on : Income tax	02.726	58.733
Income tax	92,736	36./33
	57.735	20 522
	76,627	28,522 23,836
GST	(-)	
TDS	-	39,970
	1,69,363	1,51,061
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 21		-
Depreciation and amortisation		
	00 (4 0 0 0	05.00.005
Depreciation on tangible assets	82,61,370	87,03,887
Depreciation on intangible assets	5,488	9,147
	82,66,858	87,13,034
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Notes No. 22		
Other expenses		
Power and Fuel	1,61,70,746	1,62,04,126
Consumption of Stores and Spares	49,99,029	47,83,993
Lease Rent	31,815	31,450
Fee & subscription	41,073	55.974
Payment to Auditors	41,075	33.774
- Audit Fee	3,70,000	3,40,000
- Limited Review	75,000	75,000
- Taxation Matters	21,000	26,000
Pollution Control Expenses	3,06,366	4.00.508
Printing and Stationery	2,90,760	2.67.285
Communication	3,03,384	3,11,553
Travelling and Conveyance	20,66,480	19,13,396
Legal and Professional	8,63,243	4,39,097
Books and Periodicals	2,58,720	2,18,400
Repairs:	29.309 / 20	2,10,700
- Machinery	29,95,297	26,68,111
- Others	12,26,340	10,98,937
Packing and forwarding	1,09,32,484	95,03,237
General Expense	2,45,580	1,97,714
Insurance	7,75,184	7.16.414
House Keeping expenses	15,95,498	14.96.904
Royalty	2,01,39,795	1,84,25,200
Foreign Exchangs Flucation	4,01,39,793	52,400
Security Expenses	13,53,193	12,77,031
Contribution to Political Party	1,00,00,000	12,77,031
Charity and Donation	1,00,00,000	2,200
		2,200
	7,50,60,987	6,05,04,930



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in \mathfrak{F} , unless otherwise stated)

23 Capital and other commitments (net of advance)

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for as at 31 March 2025 aggregates is Nil and as at 31 March 2024 aggregates to INR 86,800.

24 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 19 on "Employee Benefits"

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity is payable to all eligible employees of the Company on retirement/exit, death or permanent disablement in terms of the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

Inherent Risk

The plan is defined benefit in nature which is sponsored by the Company and hence it underwrites all the risks pertaining to the plan. In particular, this exposes the Company to actuarial risk such as adverse salary growth, change in demographic experience, inadequate return on underlying plan assets. This may result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to employees in future. Since the benefits are lump sum in nature, the plan is not subject to any longevity risks

Gratuity

(i) Changes in present value of obligation:		
Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2025	For the Year ended 31 March 2024
Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the year	1,73,05,682	1,38,19,921
Acquisition adjustment	1,12,00,002	1,50,17,721
Interest cost	12.51.201	10,17,146
Current service cost	14.04.945	13,25,028
Curtailment cost/(credit)	11,01,013	15,25,020
Benefits paid	(10,44,146)	(2,49,372)
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation	(1,59,183)	13.92,959
Present value of obligation as at the end of year	1,87,58,499	1,73,05,682
- Long term	1,59,73,436	1.54.97.689
- Short term	27.85.063	18.07.993

(ii) The amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	1,87,58,499	1.73,05,682
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year		1,11,11,11
unfunded status		
Net asset/(liability) recognized in balance sheet	(1,87,58,499)	(1,73,05,682)

(iii) Expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss:		
Particulars	For the Year	For the Year
	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2025	2024
Current service cost	14,04,945	13,25,028
Interest cost	12,51,201	10,17,146
Expected return on plan assets		4.1
Net actuarial (gain)/ loss recognized in the year	2	
Expenses recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss	26,56,146	23,42,174



(iv) Re-measurements recognised in other Comprehensive Income (OCI):		
	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2025	2024
Changes in Financial Assumption	(5,84.856)	(13,50,310)
Changes in Demographic Assumption		20
Experience Adjustments	7,44,039	(42,649)
Actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets		
Amount recognized in other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	1,59,183	(13,92,959)

(v) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation:

	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2025	2024
Within next 12 Months	27,85,063	18,07,993
Between 2 and 5 years	62,64,294	63,53,727
Between 6 and 10 years	40,20,191	36,00,608
10 years and above	56,88,951	55,43,354

(vi) Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date are as follows:

a) Financial assumptions:

The principal assumptions are the discount rate and salary growth rate. The discount rate is generally based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date with a term that matches that of the liabilities and the salary growth rate taking account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors on long term basis.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Discount rate	6.78%	7,23%
Future salary increase	8,00%	8,00%

b) Demographic assumptions:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
i) Retirement Age (Years)	58	58
ii) Mortality Table	100%	100%
iii) Ages		
Up to 30 years	5%	5%
From 31 to 44 years	5%	5%
Above 44 years	5%	5%

(vii) Sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions:*
Increase/(Decrease) on present value of defined benefits obligation at the end of the year

	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2025	2024
1% increase in discount rate	(13,01,790)	(12,27,266)
1% decrease in discount rate	14,04,342	13,23,464
1% increase in salary escalation rate	13,81,226	13,07,388
1% decrease in salary escalation rate	(12,93,390)	(12,24,304)
1% increase in withdrawl rate	48,595	44,832
1% decrease in withdrawl rate	(46,191)	(42,614)
1% increase in mortality rate	2,105	1,942
1% decrease in mortality rate	(1,999)	(1,845)

(viii) Enterprise best estimate of contribution during the next year is

	Particulars	Amount
Gratuity*		

^{*}Since the scheme is managed on unfunded basis, the next year contribution is taken as NIL.



Leave Encashment

W 260		
(i) Changes in present value of obligation: Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2025	For the Year ended 31 March 2024
Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the year	36,93,058	37,14,137
Acquisition adjustment		
Interest cost		
Current service cost	14,65,690	3,41,297
Curtailment cost/(credit)		
Benefits paid	(7,30,721)	(3,62,376)
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation		
Present value of obligation as at the end of year	44,28,027	36,93,058
- Long term	5,69,112	4,29,927
- Short term	38,58,915	32,63,131

(ii) The amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	44.28,027	36,93,058
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year		i -
unfunded status		
Net asset/(liability) recognized in balance sheet	(44,28,027)	(36,93,058)

(iii) Expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss:		
	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2025	2024
Current service cost	14,65,690	3,41,297
Interest cost		2
Expected return on plan assets		
Net actuarial (gain)/ loss recognized in the year		
Expenses recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss	14,65,690	3,41,297

(iv) Re-measurements recognised in other Comprehensive Income (OCI):		
	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2025	2024
Changes in Financial Assumption		
Changes in Demographic Assumption	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	*
Experience Adjustments	121	2
Actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets		
Amount recognized in other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		

(v) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation:

	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2025	2024
Within next 12 Months	5,69,112	4,29,927
Between 2 and 5 years	17,23,082	14.88.490
Between 6 and 10 years	9,26,260	8,72,236
10 years and above	12.09.573	9.02.405

(vi) Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date are as follows:

a) Financial assumptions:

The principal assumptions are the discount rate and salary growth rate. The discount rate is generally based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date with a term that matches that of the liabilities and the salary growth rate taking account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors on long term basis.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Discount rate	6.78%	7,23%
Future salary increase	8.00%	8.00%



b) Demographic assumptions:

Particulars	As at 31 March	As at 31 March
	2025	2024
i) Retirement Age (Years)	58	58
ii) Mortality Table	100%	100%
iii) Ages		
Up to 30 years	5%	5%
From 31 to 44 years	5%	5%
Above 44 years	5%	5%
Rate of Leave Availment (per annum)	100%	100%
Rate of Leave Encashment during employment (per annum)	0%	0%

(vii) Sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions:*
Increase/(Decrease) on present value of defined benefits obligation at the end of the year

	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2025	2024
1% increase in discount rate	(3,27,250)	(2.83,044)
1% decrease in discount rate	3,55,136	3,06,128
1% increase in salary escalation rate	3,47.528	3,01,282
1% decrease in salary escalation rate	(3,25,794)	(2,82,556)
1% increase in withdrawl rate	79,628	66,412
1% decrease in withdrawl rate	(78,432)	(65,414)
1% increase in mortality rate	550	459
1% decrease in mortality rate	(501)	(418)

(viii) Enterprise best estimate of contribution during the next year is

Particulars	Amount
Leave Encashment*	

^{*}Since the scheme is managed on unfunded basis, the next year contribution is taken as NIL.

25 Provision for Contingencies

(i) Warranty

The following disclosures have been made in accordance with the provisions of Ind AS 37 - 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Balance as at beginning of the year	34	12,00,000
Add: Provision made during the year	1/4:	-
Less: Utilized during the year		-
Written back during the year	75	12,00,000
Balance as at Closing of the year		=

(ii) Income Tax Demand

No Income Tax Demand has been recognised.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

26 Financial Risk Management Objectives (Ind AS 107)

The Partnership firm, as an active supplier for the automobile industry expose its business and products to various market risks, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Firm's decentralised management structure with the main activities in the plants make necessary organised risk management system. The regulations, instructions, implementation rules and in particular, the regular communication throughout the tightly controlled management process consisting of planning, controlling and monitoring collectively form the risk management system used to define, record and minimise operating, financial and strategic risks. Below notes explain the sources of risks in which the Firm is exposed to and how it manages the risks:

a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31 2021. The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on; the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions; and the non-financial assets and liabilities.

(i) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Firm's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Firm's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2025	For the Year ended 31 March 2024
Foreign exchange inflow during the year		
- Export Sales	67,83,208	38,93,352
Foreign exchange Outflow during the year		
- Import of Plant & Machinary	(96,00,824)	



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in \mathbb{R} , unless otherwise stated)

(ii) Interest Rate risk

N.A.

(iii) Other price risks

Fluctuation in commodity price affects directly and indirectly the price of raw material and components used by the Firm in its various products. Substantial pricing pressure from markets to give price cuts and inability to pass on the increased cost to customers may also affect the profitability of the Firm

b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Firm may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Firm's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Firm closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing including loans from banks at an optimised cost

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Firm's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

As at March 31, 2025	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1-5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
Trade payable		9,59,87,315				9,59,87,315
Other financial liabilities		76,69,725	15.46,472			92,16,197
As at March 31, 2024						
Trade payable		9,80,47,651				9,80,47,651
Other financial liabilities		1,06,68,301				1,06,68,301

c) Credit risk

Credit Risk is the risk that the counter party will not meet its obligation under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Firm is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

(i) Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by Firm subject to the Firm's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

The table below summarises the ageing bracket of trade recievables.

Particulars	Gross carrying amount		
1 at ticulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	
Current (not past due)	9,90,44,852	9,94,49,158	
1-30 days past due		-,-,-,-,-	
31-60 days past due	-		
61-90 days past due		9	
More than 90 days past due	-		

(ii) Financial instruments and cash deposit

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Firm's treasury department in accordance with the Firm's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made in bank deposits and other risk free securities. All balances with banks and financial institutions is subject to low credit risk due to good credit ratings assigned to the Firm.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in $\overline{\epsilon}$, unless otherwise stated)

27. Related Party Disclosures

(a) Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year/ previous year and the nature of related party relationship:

Nature of related party transaction

Name of related party

Partners

Uno Minda Limited APJ Investments Private Limited Mr. Puneet Kumar Jakhodia

Other entities over which Partners and their relatives are able to exercise significant influence

YA Auto Industries Samaira Engineering Mitil Polymer Private Limited



AUTO COMPONENT

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

(b) Details of related parties with whom transactions / balances exceed 10% of the class of transaction

	March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Sale of goods	1,14,82,71,065	99,84,40,996
Purchase of goods	1,10,85,119	95,89,247
Services Received	2	
Services Rendered	79,54,482	70,83,210
Commission Paid	80,043	40,597
Royalty Paid	2,01,39,795	1,84,25,200
	Purchase of goods Services Received Services Rendered Commission Paid	Purchase of goods 1,10,85,119 Services Received - Services Rendered 79,54,482 Commission Paid 80,043

Related party	Nature of transaction	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Balance as at year end			
MITIL Polymer Pvt, Ltd.	Purchase	4169906 Cr.	3603124 Cr.
APJ Investments Private Limited	Purchase, Sale	3419032 Cr.	3009844 Cr.
	Sales, purchase,		
Uno Minda Limited	Services Received,	91396293 Dr.	04275001 D-
One Winda Limited	Services Rendered &	71390293 Dr.	94375091 Dr.
	royalty		

[#] Nil in previous year column represent ` Nil or transaction less than 10% of the class of transaction. * Excluding taxes.

(c) Key mangerial personnel compensation

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Short term employee benefits (Partner salary)	(4)	
Total compensation	527	7



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

(d) Transactions	/ balangar	with related	morting

(a) Summary of transactions / balances with related parties	Entities over which their relatives are a significant influence	ible to exercise	Uno Minda L	imited
T	31-Mar	31-Mar	31-Mar	31-Mar
Transactions during the year	2025	2024	2025	2024
Sale of goods	44,158		1,14,82,71,065	99,84,40.996
Purchase of goods	5,56,36,973	4,69,13,862	1,10,85,119	95,89,247
Royalty paid	(2)		2,01,39,795	1,84,25,200
Services Rendered	400	1,200	79,54,482	70,83,210
Commission Paid		(*).	80,043	40,597
Purchase of Fixed Asset		12,98,508	a	2
Sale of Fixed Asset	2,13,000		(F)	•
Sales of Goods				
Samaira Engineering	4,558			
APJ Investments Private Limited	39,600			
ATT ITTVESTITETES TITVALE ETHICA	44,158			
	(28)			
Purchase of Goods				
YA Auto Industries	37,440	52,603		
Samaira Engineering	35,000			
MITIL Polymer Pvt. Ltd.	3,53,85,873	2,79,36,273		
APJ Investments Private Limited	2,01,78,660	1,89,24,986		
	5,56,36,973	4,69,13,862		



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

(a) Summary of balances with related	Entities over which partners and their relatives are able to exercise significant influence		Partners and their relative	
D.1	31-Mar	31-Mar	31-Mar	31-Mar
Balance as at year end	2025	2024	2025	2024
Balance outstanding-Receivable/(payable)	7588938 Cr.	6612968 Cr.	91396293 Dr.	94375091 Dr.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in \mathbb{R} , unless otherwise stated)

28 Capital management

The Firm's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Firm monitors NET Debt to EBITDA ratio i.e. Net debt (total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents) divided by EBITDA (Profit before tax plus depreciation and amortization expense plus finance costs). The Firm's strategy is to ensure that the Net Debt to EBITDA is managed at an optimal level considering the above factors. The Net Debt to EBITDA ratios were as follows:

	March 31, 2025
Net Debt	:#X
EBITDA	19,65,61,294
Net Debt to EBITDA	



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

29 Fair value measurements

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Firm's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values:

Category	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
1) Financial assets at amortized cost				
Trade receivables (current / non current)	9,90,44,852	9,90,44,852	9,94,49,158	9,94,49,158
Cash and cash equivalents	24,38,975	24,38,975	19,72,390	19,72,390
Security deposit	26,29,851	26,29,851	23,11,323	23,11,323
Total	10,41,13,678	10,41,13,678	10,37,32,871	10,37,32,871
2) Financial Liabilities at amortized cost				
Trade payables	9,59,87,315	9,59,87,315	9,80,47,651	9,80,47,651
Other financial liabilities (current / non current)	92,16,197	92,16,197	1,06,68,301	1,06,68,301
Total	10,52,03,512	10,52,03,512	10,87,15,952	10,87,15,952

^{*} Management has assessed that trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade payables and Interest accrued on borrowings approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

For AJH & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 005302N

Ajay Jain FOAGRA

Partner Membership No. 084096

Place: Delhi Date : 23-04-2025

UDIN: 25084096BMJBSH3359

Alok Sharma Partner on behalf of Uno Minda Limited

lea

Puneet Kumar Jakhodia Partner

Audited Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025

(Rs in Crore)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	As at 31-Mar-2024 (Audited)	
ASSETS			
1. Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	5_23	4,	
Capital work-in-progress		0.	
Investment Properties			
Goodwill	•	55	
Other Intangible assets		12	
Right-of-use assets	5:	.05	
Intangible Assets	0.00	0	
Investment in an associates and a joint ventures	2		
Financial Assets	2		
(i) Investments	-		
(iii) Other bank balances	*		
(iii) Other financial assets			
Deferred tax assets (net)	2:		
Other non-current assets			
	0.04		
Non-current tax assets (net)	0.26	0	
Total- Non current asset	5,50	5.	
2. Current Assets			
Inventories	2.14	2	
Financial Assets	***		
(i) Investments	*		
(ii) Trade receivables	9.90	9	
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	0.24	0.	
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above			
	\$1		
(v) Other financial assets	~ 1		
Other current assets	0.31	0,	
Total- Current asset	12.60	12.	
3. Assets held for sale	*1	2	
TOTAL ASSETS	18.10	17.	
Equity Equity hare capital Share Capital money pending for allotment	5.09	4.	
Other Equity		-	
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	5.09	4.0	
Non-controlling interest			
Total Equity	5.09	4.	
LIABILITIES	10		
1. Non-current liabilities	1		
Financial Liabilities	1		
(i) Borrowings			
		-	
(ii) Lease liabilities		3	
(iii) Other financial liabilities			
Provisions	1.98	1,	
Deferred tax liabilities (net)			
Other non current liabilities			
Total- Non current liabilities	1,98	1.	
. Forme (100) Correct Habitates	1,56		
2. Current Liabilities			
Contract liabilities	1		
	1		
Financial Liabilities	1 1		
(i) Borrowings	199	9	
(ii) Lease liabilities			
(iii) Trade payables	9.60	0	
	9,60	9	
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro & small enterprises			
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro & small	345		
(iv) Other financial liabilities	S#3	9	
Provisions	0.34	0	
Other current liabilities	0.92		
Current tax liabilities		1.	
	0.17	0.	
Total- Current liabilities	11.02	11.	
3. Liabilities related to assets held for sale			
TOTAL Equity and Liabilities	18.10	17.	
	10.10	17.	

For AJH & Co.
Chartered Accountable
First Registration No. 005302N

FRN No.

Membership No. 084096 Place Delhi

Date: 23-04-2025 UDIN: 25084096BMJBSF13359 Alok Sharma

Puneet Kumar Jakhodia Partner

Partner on behalf of Uno Minda Limited

REGD. OFFICE: B-64/1, WAZIRPUR INDUSTRIAL AREA, DELHI-110052

STATEMENT OF AUDITED STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

			Quarter ended Year ended Year				Year ended
	PARTICULARS		31-Mar-25	31-Dec-24	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
			(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
1	Income						
	(a)	Revenue from operations	30.90	34.28	26.00	118.06	102.40
	(b)	Other income	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.03	0.14
	Total in	come	30.90	34.29	26.12	118.09	102.54
2	Expense	s					
	(a) (b)	Cost of raw materials and components consumed Purchases of traded goods	20.63	23.47	17.34	79.83	69.88
	(c)	Changes in inventories of finished goods, traded goods	0.26	0.10	0.60	0.10	(0.14)
		and work-in-progress	0.36	0.12	0.60 2.31	0.12 10.97	(0.14) 9.81
	(d)	Employee benefits expense	2.70 0.00	2.98 0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02
	(e)	Finance cost	0.36	0.00	0.01	0.83	0.02
	(f)	Depreciation and amortisation expense	0.50	1.88	1.48	7.51	6.05
	(g) Total ex	Other expenses penses	24.68	28.61	21.96	99.28	86.48
3	Profit/(le	oss) before exceptional items and tax (1-2)	6,22	5.68	4.15	18.81	16.06
4		profit/(loss) of associates / joint ventures (net of tax)					
1		efore exceptional item and tax (3+4)	6.22	5.68	4.15	18.81	16.06
		.ess : Exceptional Items (net)					
7	Profit be	efore tax (5+6)					
8	Income t	tax expense					
	a) Currer	nt Tax	1.87	2.02	1.49	6.66	5.68
	b) Deferr	red Tax (credit)/ charge	*	*	3	(0.00)	(0.00)
			1.87	2.02	1.49	6.66	5.68
9	-	it /(loss) for the period after taxes (7-8)	4.35	3.66	2.66	12.16	10.38
10		omprehensive income/(loss) for the period				1	
	(a)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss	0.00		(0.14)	0.00	(0.14)
		in subsequent period	0.02	2	(0.14)	0.02	(0.14)
		(i) Remeasurement gain/ (loss) on defined benefit obligation					
		(ii) Fair value change in equity instrument valued through other comprehensive income					
		(iii) Income-tax relating to items that will not be					
		reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent period					
	(b)	Items that will be reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent period					
		(i) Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation					
		(ii) Others					
		(iii) Income-tax relating to items that will be					
		reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent period					
	Other co	omprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	0.02	*	(0.14)	0.02	(0.14)
11	Total co	mprehensive income/(loss) for the year (7+8)	4.37	3.66	2.52	12.17	10.24

For AJH & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 005302N

Ajay Pain 005302 Partner GUR Membership No. 084096

Place : Delhi ACCO

Date : 23-04-2025

UDIN 25084096BMJBSH3359

Alok Sharma

On behalf of Partner Uno Minda Limited

Puneet Kumar Jakhodia

Partner

AUDITED STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

		For the year ended	For the year ended
		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Α.	Cash flows from operating activities :	1001	16.06
	Profit before tax	18.81	16.06
	Tayonto registrate de las .		
	Adjustments for	0.83	0.87
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	0.02	0.02
	Finance costs	(0,02)	(0.01)
	Interest income on fixed deposits Liabilities / provisions no longer required written back	(0,02)	(0,0.)
	Dividend income from non-current investments		
	Doubtful trade and other receivables provided for		
	Mark to market loss/ (gain) on forward contract		
	Impairment of investment/Other comprehensive income	5=8	
	Provision for warranty		
	Net profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	1	
	rice premium and or property, plant and equipment	0.83	0.87
	Operating profit before working capital changes	19.64	16.93
	Adjustments for working capital changes:	157	
	Decrease/ (increase) in inventories	0,20	(0,06)
	Decrease/ (increase) in trade receivable	0.04	0.24
	Decrease/ (increase) in Loan		
	Decrease/ (increase) in other non-current financial assets	(0,03)	(0,01)
	Decrease/ (increase) in other non-current assets	\$38.7	1001
	Decrease/ (increase) in other current financial assets		
	Decrease/ (increase) in other current assets	(0,05)	(0.02)
	Increase/(decrease) in other non current financial liabilities	1,0	
	Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables	(0.21)	(1.07)
	Increase/ (decrease) in other Current financial liabilities		796
	Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(0.15)	0.15
	Increase/(decrease) in short-term provisions	0,11	(0.10)
	Increase in long-term provisions	0.12	0.18
	successive recovery out an extraor and reference and a restrict an	0,05	(0.69)
	Cash generated from operations	19.69	16,24
	Income tax paid	(6,69)	(5,73)
	Net Cash flows from operating activities (A)	12.99	10.51
13.	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Investment in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities		
	Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(1.27)	(0.76)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipments	0.05	0.09
	Finance cost	(0.02)	(0.02)
	Interest received	0.02	0.01
	Decrease/ (increase) (with original maturity more than three months)		
	Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(1.23)	(0.67)
C.	Cash flows from financing activities		
	Proceeds from rights issue of equity share capital	(11.72)	(9.84)
	Share premium on rights issue (net of expenses)		
	Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings		
	Proceeds from/ (repayment of) Long term borrowings	1	
	Interest paid on borrowings	1	
	Dividend paid (including corporate dividend tax)		
	Net cash generated from / (used in) in financing activities (C)	(11.72)	(9.84)
	Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(A+B+C)	0.05	(0.00)
	Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning	0.20	0.20
	Cash and cash equivalents as at closing	0.24	0.20
	Cash on hand	0.00	0.01
	Balances with banks:	0.24	0,19
	- on current accounts		
	- on deposit accounts		
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	0.24	0.20

Note: The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, as specified

For AJH & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 005302N

005302M

Alok Sharma
Partner on behalf of
Uno Minda Limited

Puneet Kumar Jakhodia

Partner

Place Delhi

Date: 23-04-2025 UDIN: 25084096BMJBSH3359